ATTACHMENT - REQUIRED STATE AGENCY FINDINGS

FINDINGS

C = Conforming CA = Conditional NC = Nonconforming NA = Not Applicable

Decision Date: March 11, 2019 Findings Date: March 11, 2019

Project Analyst: Celia C. Inman Team Leader: Fatimah Wilson

Project ID #: G-11651-19

Facility: Thomasville Dialysis Center

FID #: 020758 County: Davidson

Applicant(s): Wake Forest University Health Sciences

Thomasville Dialysis Center of Wake Forest University

Project: Relocate no more than 3 dialysis stations from High Point Kidney Center (Guilford

County) for a total of no more than 35 stations upon project completion

REVIEW CRITERIA FOR NEW INSTITUTIONAL HEALTH SERVICES

N.C. Gen. Stat. §131E-183(a) The Agency shall review all applications utilizing the criteria outlined in this subsection and shall determine that an application is either consistent with or not in conflict with these criteria before a certificate of need for the proposed project shall be issued.

(1) The proposed project shall be consistent with applicable policies and need determinations in the State Medical Facilities Plan, the need determination of which constitutes a determinative limitation on the provision of any health service, health service facility, health service facility beds, dialysis stations, operating rooms, or home health offices that may be approved.

 \mathbf{C}

Wake Forest University Health Sciences (WFUHS) and Thomasville Dialysis Center of Wake Forest University (TVDCWFU), collectively referred to as "the applicant", proposes to relocate three dialysis stations from High Point Kidney Center (HPKC) to Thomasville Dialysis Center (TVDC), pursuant to Policy ESRD-2, for a total of 35 stations at TVDC upon project completion. WFUHS is the sole owner of TVDC and HPKC and contracts with Health Systems Management, Inc., (HMS) to operate the facilities.

Need Determination

The applicant does not propose to increase the number of licensed beds in any category, add any new health services, or acquire equipment for which there is a need determination in the

2019 State Medical Facilities Plan (SMFP). Therefore, there are no need determinations in the 2019 SMFP that are applicable to this review.

Policies

There is one policy in the 2019 SMFP which is applicable to this review:

Policy ESRD-2: Relocation of Dialysis Stations, on page 25 of the 2019 SMFP, states:

"Relocations of existing dialysis stations are allowed only within the host county and to contiguous counties. Certificate of need applicants proposing to relocate dialysis stations to a contiguous county shall:

- 1. Demonstrate that the facility losing dialysis stations or moving to a contiguous county is currently serving residents of that contiguous county; and
- 2. Demonstrate that the proposal shall not result in a deficit, or increase an existing deficit in the number of dialysis stations in the county that would be losing stations as a result of the proposed project, as reflected in the most recent North Carolina Semiannual Dialysis Report, and
- 3. Demonstrate that the proposal shall not result in a surplus, or increase an existing surplus of dialysis stations in the county that would gain stations as a result of the proposed project, as reflected in the most recent North Carolina Semiannual Dialysis Report."

The applicant proposes to relocate three existing dialysis stations from HPKC to TVDC, pursuant to Policy ESRD-2, for a total of 35 stations at TVDC. TVDC is located in Davidson County and HPKC is located in Guilford County.

Davidson County and Guilford County are contiguous counties. According to Table A of the January 2019 Semiannual Dialysis Report (SDR), both TVDC and HPKC are currently serving residents of Davidson County.

According to Table D of the January 2019 SDR, Guilford County has a projected surplus of three dialysis stations. Following the applicant's proposed relocation of three existing stations from HPKC in Guilford County to TVDC in Davidson County, Guilford County would have a surplus of zero dialysis stations (3-3=0). The proposal will not result in a deficit, or increase an existing deficit, in the number of dialysis stations in the county that would be losing stations.

According to Table D of the January 2019 SDR, Davidson County has a projected deficit of six dialysis stations. Following the applicant's proposed relocation of three existing stations from HPKC in Guilford County to TVDC in Davidson County, Davidson County would have a deficit of three dialysis stations (6 -3 = 3). The proposal will not result in a surplus, or increase an existing surplus, in the number of dialysis stations in the county that would be gaining stations.

Therefore, the application is consistent with Policy ESRD-2.

Conclusion

The Agency reviewed the:

- application,
- exhibits to the application, and
- information publicly available during the review and used by the Agency.

Based on that review, the Agency concludes that the application is conforming to this criterion for the reasons stated above.

- (2) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (3) The applicant shall identify the population to be served by the proposed project, and shall demonstrate the need that this population has for the services proposed, and the extent to which all residents of the area, and in particular, low income persons, racial and ethnic minorities, women, handicapped persons, the elderly, and other underserved groups are likely to have access to the services proposed.

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The applicant proposes to relocate three existing dialysis stations from HPKC in Guilford County to TVDC in Davidson County, pursuant to Policy ESRD-2, for a total of 35 stations at TVDC upon project completion. The applicant does not propose to offer either home hemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis training and follow-up care at TVDC.

The following table, summarized from data on page 4 of the application and Table B of the January 2019 SDR, illustrates the current and projected number of dialysis stations at TVDC.

Stations	Description	Project ID#
32	Total existing certified stations as of the January 2019 SDR	
+3	Stations to be added as part of this project	G-11651-19
35	Total stations upon completion of proposed project	

Patient Origin

On page 369, the 2019 SMFP defines the service area for dialysis stations as "...the dialysis station planning area in which the dialysis station is located. Except for the Cherokee-Clay-Graham Multicounty Planning Area and the Avery-Mitchell-Yancey Multicounty Planning Area, each of the 94 remaining counties is a separate dialysis station planning area." TVDC is located in Davidson County. Thus, the service area for this review is Davidson County. Facilities may serve residents of counties not included in their service area.

The following table illustrates the applicant's projected patient origin for operating year one (OY1) and operating year two (OY2).

TVDC Patients by County							
	Current as	of 12/31/18	OY1 – (CY2020	OY2 - 0	OY2 - CY2021	
County	% of Total	% of Total % of Total # of Patients % of T		% of Total	# of Patients	% of Total	
Davidson	79.00	84.95%	90.62	79.68%	97.05	80.17%	
Forsyth	1.00	1.08%	1.08	0.95%	1.12	0.92%	
Guilford	3.00	3.23%	3.21	2.82%	3.32	2.74%	
Randolph	10.00	10.75%	10.26	9.02%	10.40	8.59%	
Davidson Transfers from HPKC	0.00	0.00%	8.57	7.53%	9.18	7.58%	
Total	93.00	84.95%	113.73	100.00%	121.06	100.00%	

Source: Sections C.8, page 29, and C.1, page 22.

In Section C, pages 22-23, the applicant provides the assumptions and methodology it uses to project patient origin. On page 23, the applicant states that the current December 31, 2018 TVDC patient population shall increase by the January 2019 SDR 5-year Average Annual Change Rate (AACR) for each county of origin. The applicant also states its belief that at least eight of the 29 in-center (IC) Davidson County residents receiving care at HPKC in Guilford County will transfer their care to TVDC. The applicant's assumptions are reasonable and adequately supported.

Analysis of Need

In Section C.2, pages 23-25, the applicant discusses the need for the relocation of dialysis stations to TVDC and states:

"WFUHS hopes to rebalance its facilities such that its patients have available to them the ESRD care they require within close proximity to their homes and within their home counties."

On pages 24-25, the applicant states that the need the projected population has for the proposed project is impacted by:

- the facility's unprecedented growth of approximately 14% during 2018, and
- the facility's inability to file for additional stations based on facility need because its utilization rate at June 30, 2018 was less than the 80% utilization required to apply for additional stations via facility need methodology.

On page 24, the applicant states:

" ... given the 11-patient census increase during 2018 and large number of existing Davidson County residents receiving their dialysis care outside of Davidson County (at least 8 of whom live in Thomasville), coupled with WFUHS' facility rebalance initiative, the need for additional stations at TVDC to accommodate Davidson County

residents and new patient growth in Davidson County is obvious. TVDC has a need, now, for additional dialysis stations."

The information is reasonable and adequately supported for the following reasons:

- The applicant provides letters of support in Exhibit C.7 from eight existing Davidson County patients, who are currently dialyzing at HPKC in Guilford County and would consider transferring their care to the TVDC facility in their home county of Davidson.
- The applicant reasonably projects that the utilization rate of the facility will be 3.26 patients per station per week at the end of operating year one (114 patients / 35 stations = 3.257), which exceeds the required minimum operating standard promulgated in 10A NCAC 14C .2203(b), based on the growth of the patient population using the projected AACR for each county of patient origin, as published in the January 2019 SDR and shown in the applicant's table on page 25.

Projected Utilization

In Section C, page 25, the applicant provides projected utilization as illustrated in the following table.

TVDC Patient Census

		Prior Year	Current Year	As of Certification	End of OY1	End of OY2
County	AACR	12/31/17	12/31/18	12/31/19	12/31/20	12/31/21
Davidson	7.1%	78.00	79.00	84.61	90.62	97.05
Forsyth	3.8%	0.00	1.00	1.04	1.08	1.12
Guilford	3.4%	2.00	3.00	3.10	3.21	3.32
Randolph	1.3%	8.00	10.00	10.13	10.26	10.40
Davidson Transfers from HPKC	7.1%	0.00	0.00	8.00	8.57	9.18
Total		88.00	93.00	106.88	113.73	121.06

Source: Section C.1, page 25.

In Section C, pages 28-29, the applicant provides the assumptions and methodology it uses to project patient utilization, which are summarized below.

- Existing patient population for TVDC as of 12/31/18 is grouped by county of origin.
- Existing patient population is increased by the 5-yr AACR by county of origin published in the January 2019 SDR and added to the patient population for each 12-month period identified in the table on page 25.
- Based on the number of Davidson County residents served outside of the county and their residence locations within the county, the applicant projects that there will be at least eight Davidson County residents who transfer their care from HPKC to TVDC upon project completion or sooner.
- The project is scheduled for certification on December 31, 2019. OY1 is CY2020. OY2 is CY2021.

The applicant projects to serve 114 patients (rounded per conventional rounding rules) on 35 stations, which is 3.26 patients per station per week (114 patients / 35 stations = 3.257), by the end of OY1 and 121 patients (rounded per conventional rounding rules) on 35 stations, which is 3.46 patients per station per week (121 patients / 35 stations = 3.457), by the end of OY2. This exceeds the minimum of 3.2 patients per station per week as of the end of the first operating year as required by 10A NCAC 14C .2203(b).

Projected utilization is reasonable and adequately supported for the following reasons:

- The applicant projects future utilization based on the patients currently being served at TVDC, and the Davidson County residents who have stated their willingness to transfer their dialysis care from HPKC to TVDC in their county of residence.
- The applicant uses the 5-year AACR for each TVDC patient's county of origin, as published in the January 2019 SDR, to project patient utilization.
- The applicant's projected patient utilization exceeds the minimum of 3.2 patients per station per week as of the end of the first operating year as required by 10A NCAC 14C .2203(b).

Access

In Section C.3, page 26, the applicant states:

"TVDC accepts patients based on <u>medically defined admission criteria</u> [emphasis in original]. There is no discrimination based on race, sex, age, national origin, ability to pay, nor disability. Services are available to all area residents with ESRD."

In Section L, page 73, the applicant provides the historical payor mix, as of December 31, 2018, and projected payor mix during the first and second full years of operation (CY2020 and CY2021) following completion of the project, as illustrated in the following table.

Thomasville Dialysis Center Percent of IC and Total Patients

Payment Source	CY2018	CY2020	CY2021
Private Pay	1%	1%	1%
Medicare	12%	15%	15%
Medicaid	4%	3%	3%
Medicare/Medicaid	17%	19%	19%
Commercial Insurance	11%	9%	9%
Medicare/Commercial	22%	20%	20%
VA	5%	8%	8%
Medicare Advantage	28%	25%	25%
Total	100%	100%	100.0%

The applicant provides the assumptions used to project payor mix on pages 72-73, stating that the projected payor mix represents the five year average payor mix based on monthly capture

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of patient payor data.

The projected payor mix is reasonable and adequately supported.

Conclusion

The Agency reviewed the:

- application,
- exhibits to the application, and
- information publicly available during the review and used by the Agency.

Based on that review, the Agency concludes that the application is conforming to this criterion for the following reasons:

- The applicant adequately identifies the population to be served.
- The applicant adequately explains why the population to be served needs the services proposed in this application.
- Projected utilization is reasonable and adequately supported.
- The applicant projects the extent to which all residents, including underserved groups, will have access to the proposed services (payor mix) and adequately supports its assumptions.
- (3a) In the case of a reduction or elimination of a service, including the relocation of a facility or a service, the applicant shall demonstrate that the needs of the population presently served will be met adequately by the proposed relocation or by alternative arrangements, and the effect of the reduction, elimination or relocation of the service on the ability of low income persons, racial and ethnic minorities, women, handicapped persons, and other underserved groups and the elderly to obtain needed health care.

C

In Section D-1, pages 32-34, the applicant discusses the relocation of three dialysis stations from HPKC in Guilford County to TVDC in Davidson County, pursuant to Policy ESRD-2. The January 2019 SDR reported HPKC had 151 in-center patients dialyzing on 41 dialysis stations for a utilization rate of 92.07% as of June 30, 2018. The applicant states that the relocation of three stations from Guilford County to Davidson County will reduce the station surplus in Guilford County to zero stations and reduce the station deficit in Davidson County to three. On page 32, the applicant states:

"In September 2018 WFUHS submitted a CON application (Project I.D. No. G-011587-18) to add 7 stations to HPKC via facility need methodology to better serve that facility's current and projected patients. An addition of those stations will fill HPKC to its maximum capacity – 48 ICH stations. That application was recently approved. Upon

certification (6/30/2019 from the HPKC CON) of the proposed stations, HPKC is projected to serve 156.54 ICH patients at 81.53% utilization.

Approval of this CON to transfer 3 ICH stations from HPKC to TVDC (certification date of 12/31/2019) and approval of a previously filed CON application (Project I.D. No. G-011639-18) to transfer 4 ICH stations from HPKC to LXDC (certification date of 8/31/2019) would leave HPKC with 41 ICH stations. Even if no Davidson County residents transfer from HPKC to TVDC upon completion of this project or from HPKC to LXDC upon completion of that project, the resulting utilization rate at HPKC (based on HPKC's projected facility census from its recent CON for near that same time period) is projected to be 98.96% for 41 stations. However, removal of the HPKC Davidson ICH patient census by returning them to their home county will rebalance all three facilities, will rebalance the stations available in Davison and Guilford Counties, and will reduce utilization at HPKC to 85.65% upon certification of the additionally approved stations at HPKC."

On page 33, the applicant provides its projection for the 41 HPKC stations on June 30, 2019 (Project ID #G-11587-18) and its calculation of the HPKC utilization after the transfer of Davidson County patients to TVDC, as discussed above.

In Section D.2, pages 33-34, the applicant states that access to ESRD services is not dependent upon any demographic factor. It is dependent upon medically-defined criteria with the most basic condition being a diagnosis of ESRD and the transfer of stations will have no impact on the ability of ESRD patients at HPKC to obtain needed healthcare. Therefore, the applicant demonstrates that the needs of the population presently served at HPKC will be adequately met following the relocation of three stations from HPKC to TVDC.

Conclusion

The Agency reviewed the:

- application,
- exhibits to the application, and
- information publicly available during the review and used by the Agency.

Based on that review, the Agency concludes that the applicant adequately demonstrates that:

- The needs of the population currently using the services to be reduced, eliminated, or relocated will be adequately met following project completion.
- The project will not adversely impact the ability of underserved groups to access these services following project completion.
- (4) Where alternative methods of meeting the needs for the proposed project exist, the applicant shall demonstrate that the least costly or most effective alternative has been proposed.

CA

The applicant proposes to relocate three existing dialysis stations from HPKC in Guilford County to TVDC in Davidson County, pursuant to Policy ESRD-2, for a total of 35 stations at TVDC upon project completion.

In Section E, pages 35-40, the applicant describes the alternatives it considered and explains why each alternative is either more costly or less effective than the alternative proposed in this application to meet the need. The alternatives considered were:

- Maintain the Status Quo: the applicant states that doing nothing to increase its service
 capabilities at TVDC at this time would be a true disservice to the WFUHS patients
 who require dialysis and make their homes in Davidson County. Thus the applicant
 determines the status quo is not a viable option.
- In-County Transfer: the applicant states that an in-county station transfer between LXDC and TVDC will not solve the Davidson County station deficit nor expand access to services for Davison County patients traveling outside of their home county for care. Thus the applicant determines an in-county station transfer is not a viable option.
- Contiguous County Transfer: WFUHS owns operational dialysis facilities in Davie, Forsyth, Guilford, and Randolph counties, which are all contiguous to Davidson County. The applicant states that an analysis of its facilities, their surpluses/deficits of stations, and the potential for relocating stations to TVDC indicates that relocating stations from HPKC was a viable alternative.
- Facility Need Methodology: the applicant states that the facility need methodology is not a viable option for TVDC at this time because TVDC was not operating at 80% utilization as of the data collection date for the January 2019 SDR.

On pages 39-40, the applicant states that its chosen proposal to relocate three stations from HPKC in Guilford County to TVDC in Davidson County is the most effective alternative because the needs of the patient population at HPKC will continue to be well met while the needs of the current and future patients at TVDC along with other Davidson residents currently traveling outside of Davidson County for their care will also be met. The applicant states that the project proposes no capital cost; thus, this alternative is the most effective and least costly alternative.

The applicant adequately demonstrates that the alternative proposed in this application is the most effective alternative to meet the need for the following reasons:

- The application is conforming to all statutory and regulatory review criteria.
- The applicant provides credible information to explain why it believes the proposed project is the most effective and least costly alternative.

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Conclusion

The Agency reviewed the:

- application,
- exhibits to the application, and
- information publicly available during the review and used by the Agency.

Based on that review, the Agency concludes that the application is conforming to this criterion for the reasons stated above. Therefore, the application is approved subject to the following conditions:

- 1. Wake Forest University Health Sciences and Thomasville Dialysis Center of Wake Forest University shall materially comply with all representations made in the certificate of need application and any supplemental responses. In the event that representations conflict, Wake Forest University Health Sciences and Thomasville Dialysis Center of Wake Forest University shall materially comply with the last made representation.
- 2. Pursuant to Policy ESRD-2, Wake Forest University Health Sciences and Thomasville Dialysis Center of Wake Forest University shall relocate no more than three dialysis stations from High Point Kidney Center for a total of no more than 35 dialysis stations at Thomasville Dialysis Center, which shall include any home hemodialysis training or isolation stations, upon project completion.
- 3. Upon completion of this project, Wake Forest University Health Sciences shall take the necessary steps to decertify three dialysis stations at High Point Kidney Center for a total of no more than 45 dialysis stations upon completion of this project and Project ID #G-11587-18 (add 7 stations for a total of 48).
- 4. Wake Forest University Health Sciences and Thomasville Dialysis Center of Wake Forest University shall acknowledge acceptance of and agree to comply with all conditions stated herein to the Agency in writing prior to issuance of the certificate of need.
- (5) Financial and operational projections for the project shall demonstrate the availability of funds for capital and operating needs as well as the immediate and long-term financial feasibility of the proposal, based upon reasonable projections of the costs of and charges for providing health services by the person proposing the service.

C

The applicant proposes to relocate three existing dialysis stations from HPKC in Guilford County to TVDC in Davidson County, pursuant to Policy ESRD-2, for a total of 35 stations at TVDC upon project completion.

Capital and Working Capital Costs

In Section F, pages 41-45, the applicant states that the project requires no capital cost or working capital as TVDC is an existing facility and therefore, requires no funding.

Financial Feasibility

The applicant provides pro forma financial statements for the first two full years of operation following completion of the project. In Section R, Form B, the applicant projects that revenues will exceed operating expenses in the first two operating years of the project, as shown in the table below.

Projected Revenues and Operating Expenses						
TVDC	Operating Year 1 CY 2020	Operating Year 2 CY 2021				
Total Patients*	111	118				
Total Treatments^	16,650	17,700				
Total Gross Revenues (Charges)	\$30,629,840	\$32,561,451				
Adjustments from Gross**	\$25,497,631	\$27,072,314				
Total Net Revenue	\$5,132,209	\$5,489,137				
Average Net Revenue per Treatment	\$308	\$310				
Total Operating Expenses (Costs)	\$3,784,347	\$3,949,725				
Average Operating Expense per Treatment	\$227	\$223				
Net Income/Profit	\$1,347,862	\$1,539,412				

^{*}Patients per year are an average of the beginning census and the ending census

The assumptions used by the applicant in preparation of the pro forma financial statements are reasonable, including projected utilization, costs, and charges. See Section R of the application for the assumptions used regarding costs and charges. The discussion regarding projected utilization found in Criterion (3) is incorporated herein by reference.

Conclusion

The Agency reviewed the:

- application, and
- exhibits to the application.

Based on that review, the Agency concludes that the application is conforming to this criterion for the following reasons:

 The applicant adequately demonstrates that the project requires no capital or working capital.

[^]Treatments average 150 per patient per year (52 weeks x 3 treatments per week less 4% for missed treatments)

^{**}Includes charity care and bad debt

- The applicant adequately demonstrates sufficient funds for the operating needs of the proposal and that the financial feasibility of the proposal is based upon reasonable projections of costs and charges.
- (6) The applicant shall demonstrate that the proposed project will not result in unnecessary duplication of existing or approved health service capabilities or facilities.

 \mathbf{C}

The applicant proposes to relocate three existing dialysis stations from HPKC in Guilford County to TVDC in Davidson County, pursuant to Policy ESRD-2, for a total of 35 stations at TVDC upon project completion.

On page 369, the 2019 SMFP defines the service area for dialysis stations as "...the dialysis station planning area in which the dialysis station is located. Except for the Cherokee-Clay-Graham Multicounty Planning Area and the Avery-Mitchell-Yancey Multicounty Planning Area, each of the 94 remaining counties is a separate dialysis station planning area." TVDC is located in Davidson County. Thus, the service area for this review is Davidson County. Facilities may serve residents of counties not included in their service area.

According to Table B of the January 2019 SDR, there are two existing or approved dialysis facilities in Davidson County which are operational. Information on both of these dialysis facilities, from Table B of the January 2019 SDR, is provided below:

Davidson County Dialysis Facilities							
Certified Stations and Utilization as of June 30, 2018							
Dialysis Facility Owner Location # of Certified Stations Utilizations							
Lexington Dialysis Center of Wake Forest University*	WFUHS	Lexington	37	81.08%			
Thomasville Dialysis Center of Wake Forest University	WFUHS	Thomasville	32	75.00%			

Source: January 2019 SDR, Table B.

In Section G, page 49, the applicant explains why it believes its proposal would not result in the unnecessary duplication of existing or approved dialysis services in Davidson County. The applicant states:

"TVDC's need is real and immediate to assist in the rebalance of patients and stations WFUHS hopes to achieve. Approval of TVDC's CON proposal will not result in a surplus of stations in Davidson County. The requested number of dialysis stations have been shown to provide service at a level of 80% utilization by the end or OY1 based on growth of the facility's current patient census and projected patient transfers. Approval of this project will not result in duplication of existing and approved services in the proposed service area – Davidson County."

^{*} Approved to replace the existing facility on the same site for a total of 37 stations (Project ID #G-11355-17)

The applicant adequately demonstrates that the proposal will not result in an unnecessary duplication of existing or approved services in the service area for the following reasons:

- The applicant does not propose to create a surplus, or increase a surplus, in the projected number of stations needed in Davidson County.
- The applicant adequately demonstrates the need the population proposed to be served has for the proposed relocation of stations and demonstrates that the facility will be appropriately utilized. The discussions regarding analysis of need and projected utilization found in Criterion (3) are incorporated herein by reference.

Conclusion

The Agency reviewed the:

- application,
- exhibits to the application, and
- information which was publicly available during the review and used by the Agency.

Based on that review, the Agency concludes that the application is conforming to this criterion for the reasons stated above.

(7) The applicant shall show evidence of the availability of resources, including health manpower and management personnel, for the provision of the services proposed to be provided.

C

In Section H, page 50, the applicant provides projected staffing for the proposed services, as summarized in the following table showing full-time equivalent (FTE) positions.

TVDC Projected Staffing					
	# FTE Positions				
Registered Nurses	5.000				
Patient Care Technician	12.875				
DON	1.000				
*Admin	7.500				
Dietician	1.000				
Social Worker	1.750				
Dialysis Technician	3.000				
Biomed	1.000				
Clerical	3.000				
TOTAL	28.625				

^{*}Admin is based on a pro rata share of Regional Admin costs and delegated at a rate of \$7.50 per treatment

The applicant states that the Medical Director is a contracted position at \$55,000 annually. The table on page 50 shows 7.5 FTE positions for "*Admin" at an annual salary of \$102,375 per

FTE for a total OY2 cost of \$132,750 for "*Admin". However, the reference below the applicant's table and in the table above states that the administrative costs are a pro rata share of "Regional Admin" costs and delegated at a per treatment rate of \$7.50. A calculation of 17,700 OY2 treatments times \$7.50 per treatment results in a total cost of \$132,750, as shown in the table on page 50. Therefore, it appears to be a typographical error in the table in showing 7.5 FTE positions for that staffing category. Furthermore, the table on page 50 shows 3.0 FTE positions for dialysis technicians but fails to provide a salary amount for that position. In addition, it is unclear where the salary for biomed and clerical positions are included in Form A. In clarifying information requested by the Agency, the applicant provides data supporting the following information:

- the *Admin position in the table should not have been shown as a 7.5 FTE position: the cost for the position is allocated as stated in the assumptions on a pro rata share at \$7.50 per treatment,
- the 3.0 FTE dialysis technician position should not have been included in the table because that position is no longer needed at TVDC,
- the applicable cost related to the biomed and clerical positions is appropriately included in Section R Pro Forma Assumptions, page 99, and in Form A, page 93.

Adequate costs for the health manpower and management positions proposed by the applicant are budgeted in Form A, which is found in Section R. In Section H, pages 54-55, the applicant describes the methods used to recruit or fill new positions and its proposed training and continuing education programs. The applicant provides supporting documentation in Exhibits H-2 and H-4. In Section H, page 51, the applicant identifies the proposed medical director, Todd Robinson, M.D., and states that Dr. Robinson is board certified in nephrology. In Exhibit I-3(a), the applicant provides a letter from the medical director indicating an intent to continue to serve as medical director for the facility.

The applicant adequately demonstrates the availability of sufficient health manpower and management personnel to provide the proposed services.

Conclusion

The Agency reviewed the:

- application,
- exhibits to the application, and
- supplemental information requested by the Agency.

Based on that review, the Agency concludes that the application is conforming to this criterion for the reasons stated above.

(8) The applicant shall demonstrate that the provider of the proposed services will make available, or otherwise make arrangements for, the provision of the necessary ancillary and support services. The applicant shall also demonstrate that the proposed service will be coordinated with the existing health care system.

 \mathbf{C}

In Section I, page 58, the applicant states that the following ancillary and support services are necessary for the proposed services, and explains how each ancillary and support service is made available:

TVDC – Ancillary and Support Services					
Services	Provider				
In-center dialysis/maintenance	On site				
Self-care training (in-center)	On site				
Home training					
Hemodialysis	HPKC and LXDC				
Peritoneal Dialysis	HPKC and LXDC				
Accessible follow-up program	HPKC and LXDC				
Psychological counseling	On site				
Isolation – hepatitis	On site				
Nutritional counseling	On site				
Social Work services	On site				
Acute dialysis in an acute care setting	Wake Forest Baptist Hospital (WFBH)				
Emergency care	WFBH				
Blood bank services	WFBH				
Diagnostic and evaluation services	On site				
X-ray services	WFBH				
Laboratory services	On site by WFBH / Lab Contract				
Pediatric nephrology	On site				
Vascular surgery	WFBH				
Transplantation services	WFBH				
Vocational rehabilitation & counseling	Referral by MSW				
Transportation	Multiple options -Referral by MSW				

The applicant provides supporting documentation in Exhibits I-1 through I-3.

In Section I, pages 60-62, the applicant describes its relationships with other local health care and social service providers and provides supporting documentation in Exhibits I-I, I-2 (a-c), I-3(a-b), and I.4(a).

The applicant adequately demonstrates that the proposed services will be coordinated with the existing health care system.

Conclusion

The Agency reviewed the:

- application, and
- exhibits to the application.

Based on that review, the Agency concludes that the application is conforming to this criterion.

(9) An applicant proposing to provide a substantial portion of the project's services to individuals not residing in the health service area in which the project is located, or in adjacent health service areas, shall document the special needs and circumstances that warrant service to these individuals.

NA

The applicant does not project to provide the proposed services to a substantial number of persons residing in Health Service Areas (HSAs) that are not adjacent to the HSA in which the services will be offered. Furthermore, the applicant does not project to provide the proposed services to a substantial number of persons residing in other states that are not adjacent to the North Carolina county in which the services will be offered. Therefore, Criterion (9) is not applicable to this review.

- (10) When applicable, the applicant shall show that the special needs of health maintenance organizations will be fulfilled by the project. Specifically, the applicant shall show that the project accommodates: (a) The needs of enrolled members and reasonably anticipated new members of the HMO for the health service to be provided by the organization; and (b) The availability of new health services from non-HMO providers or other HMOs in a reasonable and cost-effective manner which is consistent with the basic method of operation of the HMO. In assessing the availability of these health services from these providers, the applicant shall consider only whether the services from these providers:
 - (i) would be available under a contract of at least 5 years duration;
 - (ii) would be available and conveniently accessible through physicians and other health professionals associated with the HMO;
 - (iii) would cost no more than if the services were provided by the HMO; and
 - (iv) would be available in a manner which is administratively feasible to the HMO.

NA

The applicant is not an HMO. Therefore, Criterion (10) is not applicable to this review.

- (11) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (12) Applications involving construction shall demonstrate that the cost, design, and means of construction proposed represent the most reasonable alternative, and that the construction project will not unduly increase the costs of providing health services by the person proposing the construction project or the costs and charges to the public of providing health services by other persons, and that applicable energy saving features have been incorporated into the construction plans.

NA

The applicant does not propose any new construction or to make more than minor renovations to existing space. Therefore, Criterion (12) is not applicable to this review.

- (13) The applicant shall demonstrate the contribution of the proposed service in meeting the health-related needs of the elderly and of members of medically underserved groups, such as medically indigent or low income persons, Medicaid and Medicare recipients, racial and ethnic minorities, women, and handicapped persons, which have traditionally experienced difficulties in obtaining equal access to the proposed services, particularly those needs identified in the State Health Plan as deserving of priority. For the purpose of determining the extent to which the proposed service will be accessible, the applicant shall show:
 - (a) The extent to which medically underserved populations currently use the applicant's existing services in comparison to the percentage of the population in the applicant's service area which is medically underserved;

C

In Section L.7, page 79, the applicant provides the historical payor mix, as of December 31, 2018 for TVDC, as shown in the table below.

TVDC Historical Payor Mix CY2018							
Payment Source	% IC Patients	% Total Patients					
Private Pay	1%	1%					
Medicare	12%	12%					
Medicaid	4%	4%					
Medicare/Medicaid	17%	17%					
Commercial Insurance	11%	11%					
Medicare/Commercial	22%	22%					
VA	5%	5%					
Medicare Advantage	28%	28%					
Total	100%	100%					

The United States Census Bureau provides demographic data for North Carolina and all counties in North Carolina. The following table contains relevant demographic statistics for the applicant's service area.

Percent of Population						
% Racial and % Persons in With a without Health County % 65+ % Female Minority* Poverty** Disability Insurance**						
2017 Estimate	2017 Estimate	2017 Estimate	2017 Estimate	2017 Estimate	2017 Estimate	2017 Estimate
Davidson	18%	51%	20%	15%	13%	13%
Statewide	16%	51%	37%	15%	10%	12%

Source: http://www.census.gov/quickfacts/table/US/PST045217

Latest Data 7/1/17 as of 7/17/18

The IPRO ESRD Network of the South Atlantic Network 6 (IPRO SA Network 6) consisting of North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia, provides an Annual Report which includes aggregate ESRD patient data from all three states. The 2016 Annual Report does not provide state-specific ESRD patient data, but the aggregate data is likely to be similar to North Carolina's based on the Network's recent annual reports which included state-specific data.

The IPRO SA Network 6 2016 Annual Report (pages 25-26¹) provides the following prevalence data on dialysis patients by age, race, and gender. As of December 31, 2016, over 85% of dialysis patients in Network 6 were 45 years of age and older, over 66% were other than Caucasian and 45% were female.

Conclusion

The Agency reviewed the:

- application,
- exhibits to the application, and
- information which was publicly available during the review and used by the Agency.

Based on that review, the Agency concludes that the applicant adequately documents the extent to which medically underserved populations currently use the applicant's existing services in comparison to the percentage of the population in the applicant's service area which is medically underserved. Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

(b) Its past performance in meeting its obligation, if any, under any applicable regulations requiring provision of uncompensated care, community service, or access by minorities and handicapped persons to programs receiving federal assistance, including the existence of any civil rights access complaints against the applicant;

^{*} Excludes "White alone, not Hispanic or Latino"

^{** &}quot;Estimates are not comparable to other geographic levels due to methodology differences that may exist between different data sources. Some estimates presented here come from sample data, and thus have sampling errors that may render some apparent differences between geographies statistically indistinguishable...The vintage year (e.g., V2017) refers to the final year of the series (2010 thru 2017). Different vintage years of estimates are not comparable."

https://network6.esrd.ipro.org/wp-content/uploads/sites/4/2017/07/NW6-2016-Annual-Report-FINAL.pdf

 \mathbf{C}

Regarding any obligation to provide uncompensated care, community service or access by minorities and persons with disabilities, in Section L.3(d), page 77, the applicant states:

"The facility has no obligation to provide uncompensated care or community service or access by minorities and handicapped persons. The facility will be accessible to minorities and handicapped persons as further described in **Section B**, **Section C**, and **Section L**, [emphasis in original] and strives to provide services to <u>all</u> [emphasis in original] patients with End Stage Renal Disease."

In Section L.6, page 78, the applicant states that there have been no civil rights access complaints filed against the facility or any facilities owned by the parent company in North Carolina within the last five years.

The Agency reviewed the:

- application, and
- exhibits to the application.

Based on that review, the Agency concludes that the application is conforming to this criterion.

(c) That the elderly and the medically underserved groups identified in this subdivision will be served by the applicant's proposed services and the extent to which each of these groups is expected to utilize the proposed services; and

C

In Section L.1(b), page 72, the applicant projects the following payor mix for the proposed services during the second full year of operation following completion of the project, as shown in the table below.

Projected Payor Mix OY2 1/1/2021 - 12/31/2021 As a Percent of Total

	Percent of Total	Percent of In-center	Percent PD & HH
Payor Source	Patients	Patients	Patients
Private Pay	1%	1%	0%
Medicare	15%	15%	0%
Medicaid	3%	3%	0%
Medicare / Medicaid	19%	19%	0%
Commercial Insurance	9%	9%	0%
Medicare / Commercial	20%	20%	0%
VA	8%	8%	0%
Medicare Advantage	25%	25%	0%
Total	100%	100%	0%

Source: Application page 72

As shown in the table above, during the second full calendar year of operation, the applicant projects that 1% of the dialysis patients will be private pay patients and 82% will have all or part of their services paid for by Medicare and/or Medicaid.

On pages 72-73, the applicant provides the assumptions and methodology used to project payor mix during the first and second full years of operation following completion of the project. The projected payor mix is reasonable and adequately supported for the following reasons:

- the applicant's proposed patient origin is comparable to its historical patient origin, and
- the applicant projects future payor mix based on the facility's average monthly payor mix by payor type for each of the last five operating years.

The Agency reviewed the:

- application, and
- exhibits to the application.

Based on that review, the Agency concludes that the application is conforming to this criterion.

(d) That the applicant offers a range of means by which a person will have access to its services. Examples of a range of means are outpatient services, admission by house staff, and admission by personal physicians.

C

In Section L.4, pages 77-78, the applicant adequately describes the range of means by which patients will have access to the proposed services.

The Agency reviewed the:

- application, and
- exhibits to the application.

Based on that review, the Agency concludes that the application is conforming to this criterion.

(14) The applicant shall demonstrate that the proposed health services accommodate the clinical needs of health professional training programs in the area, as applicable.

C

In Section M, page 81, the applicant describes the extent to which health professional training programs in the area have access to the facility for training purposes and provides supporting documentation in Exhibit M-1.

The Agency reviewed the:

- application, and
- exhibits to the application.

Based on that review, the Agency concludes that the applicant adequately demonstrates that the proposed services will accommodate the clinical needs of area health professional training programs, and therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

- (15) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (16) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (17) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (18) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (18a) The applicant shall demonstrate the expected effects of the proposed services on competition in the proposed service area, including how any enhanced competition will have a positive impact upon the cost effectiveness, quality, and access to the services proposed; and in the case of applications for services where competition between providers will not have a favorable impact on cost-effectiveness, quality, and access to the services proposed, the applicant shall demonstrate that its application is for a service on which competition will not have a favorable impact.

C

The applicant proposes to relocate three existing dialysis stations from HPKC in Guilford County to TVDC in Davidson County, pursuant to Policy ESRD-2, for a total of 35 stations at TVDC upon project completion.

On page 369, the 2019 SMFP defines the service area for dialysis stations as "...the dialysis station planning area in which the dialysis station is located. Except for the Cherokee-Clay-Graham Multicounty Planning Area and the Avery-Mitchell-Yancey Multicounty Planning Area, each of the 94 remaining counties is a separate dialysis station planning area." TVDC is located in Davidson County. Thus, the service area for this review is Davidson County. Facilities may serve residents of counties not included in their service area.

According to Table B of the January 2019 SDR, there are two existing or approved dialysis facilities in Davidson County which are operational. Information on both of these dialysis facilities, from Table B of the January 2019 SDR, is provided below:

Davidson County Dialysis Facilities							
Certified Stations and U	Certified Stations and Utilization as of June 30, 2018						
Dialysis Facility Owner Location # of Certified Stations Utility							
Lexington Dialysis Center of Wake Forest University*	WFUHS	Lexington	37	81.08%			
Thomasville Dialysis Center of Wake Forest University	WFUHS	Thomasville	32	75.00%			

Source: January 2019 SDR, Table B.

In Section N, pages 82-83, the applicant describes the expected effects of the proposed services on competition in the service area and discusses how any enhanced competition in the service area will promote the cost-effectiveness, quality, and access to the proposed services. On page 82, the applicant states:

"This project shall have no impact on competition in Davidson County. WFUHS is the sole provider of ICH services in Davidson County. Patients utilize a facility based upon physician preference, geographical location, or other reasons of convenience. An addition of stations at TVDC is necessary to serve the facility's existing and projected patients and serve Davidson County residents suffering with ESRD."

The applicant adequately describes the expected effects of the proposed services on competition in the service area and adequately demonstrate:

- the cost-effectiveness of the proposal (see Section B, page 20, Sections F and R of the application and any exhibits),
- quality services will be provided (see Section B, pages 10-20, Section O of the application and any exhibits), and
- access will be provided to underserved groups (see Section B, pages 15-20, Section L of the application and any exhibits).

^{*} Approved to replace the existing facility on the same site for a total of 37 stations (Project ID #G-11355-17)

Conclusion

The Agency reviewed the:

- application,
- exhibits to the application, and
- information publicly available during the review and used by the Agency.

Based on that review, the Agency concludes that the application is conforming to this criterion for the reasons stated above.

- (19) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (20) An applicant already involved in the provision of health services shall provide evidence that quality care has been provided in the past.

 \mathbf{C}

In Section A.11, pages 5-6, the applicant identifies the kidney disease treatment centers located in North Carolina owned, operated, or managed by the applicant or a related entity. The applicant identifies a total of 18 WFUHS dialysis facilities located in North Carolina.

In Section O, pages 84-85, the applicant states that during the 18 months immediately preceding the submittal of the application, incidents related to quality of care occurred in seven of the 18 facilities. The applicant states that at the time of application submittal, all facilities are in compliance. After reviewing and considering information provided by the applicant and considering the quality of care provided at all 18 facilities, the applicant provides sufficient evidence that quality care has been provided in the past.

Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

- (21) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (b) The Department is authorized to adopt rules for the review of particular types of applications that will be used in addition to those criteria outlined in subsection (a) of this section and may vary according to the purpose for which a particular review is being conducted or the type of health service reviewed. No such rule adopted by the Department shall require an academic medical center teaching hospital, as defined by the State Medical Facilities Plan, to demonstrate that any facility or service at another hospital is being appropriately utilized in order for that academic medical center teaching hospital to be approved for the issuance of a certificate of need to develop any similar facility or service.

C

The Criteria and Standards for End Stage Renal Disease Services promulgated in 10A NCAC 14C .2200 are applicable to this review. The application is conforming to all applicable criteria, as discussed below.

10 NCAC 14C .2203 PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

- (a) An applicant proposing to establish a new End Stage Renal Disease facility shall document the need for at least 10 stations based on utilization of 3.2 patients per station per week as of the end of the first operating year of the facility, with the exception that the performance standard shall be waived for a need in the State Medical Facilities Plan that is based on an adjusted need determination.
- -NA- The applicant is not proposing to establish a new ESRD facility.
- (b) An applicant proposing to increase the number of dialysis stations in an existing End Stage Renal Disease facility or one that was not operational prior to the beginning of the review period but which had been issued a certificate of need shall document the need for the additional stations based on utilization of 3.2 patients per station per week as of the end of the first operating year of the additional stations.
- -C- In Section C.2, pages 25-26, the applicant provides the calculations used to arrive at the projected in-center patient census for the first two years of operation following the completion of the project. The following table summarizes the applicant's projection of in-center dialysis patients at TVDC.

TVDC Patient Census

		Prior Year	Current Year	As of Certification	End of OY1	End of OY2
County	AACR	12/31/17	12/31/18	12/31/19	12/31/20	12/31/21
Davidson	7.1%	78.00	79.00	84.61	90.62	97.05
Forsyth	3.8%	0.00	1.00	1.04	1.08	1.12
Guilford	3.4%	2.00	3.00	3.10	3.21	3.32
Randolph	1.3%	8.00	10.00	10.13	10.26	10.40
Davidson Transfers from HPKC	7.1%	0.00	0.00	8.00	8.57	9.18
Total		88.00	93.00	106.88	113.73	121.06

Source: Section C.1, page 25.

The applicant projects to serve 114 patients (rounded per conventional rounding rules) on 35 stations, which is 3.26 patients per station per week (114 patients / 35 stations = 3.257), by the end of OY1 and 121 patients (rounded per conventional rounding rules) on 35 stations, which is 3.46 patients per station per week (121 patients / 35 stations = 3.457), by the end of OY2. This exceeds the minimum of 3.2 patients per station per week as of the end of the first operating year as required by 10A NCAC 14C .2203(b).

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- (c) An applicant shall provide all assumptions, including the methodology by which patient utilization is projected.
- -C- In Section C.7, pages 28-29, the applicant provides the assumptions and methodology used to project utilization of the facility.