SECTION .0800 - RESIDENT ASSESSMENT AND CARE PLAN

10A NCAC 13F .0801 RESIDENT ASSESSMENT

(a) The facility shall complete an assessment of each resident within 30 days following admission and annually thereafter.

(b) The facility shall use the assessment instrument and instructional manual established by the Department or an instrument developed by the facility that contains at least the same information as required on the instrument established by the Department. The assessment shall be completed by an individual who has met the requirements of Rule .0508 of this Subchapter. If the facility develops its own assessment instrument, the facility shall ensure that the individual responsible for completing the resident assessment has completed training on how to conduct the assessment using the facility's assessment instrument. The assessment shall be a functional assessment to determine the resident's level of functioning to include psychosocial well-being, cognitive status, and physical functioning in activities of daily living. The assessment instrument established by the Department shall include the following:

- (1) resident identification and demographic information;
- (2) current diagnoses;
- (3) current medications;
- (4) the resident's ability to self-administer medications;
- (5) the resident's ability to perform activities of daily living, including bathing, dressing, personal hygiene, ambulation or locomotion, transferring, toileting, and eating;
- (6) mental health history;
- (7) social history, to include family structure, previous employment and education, lifestyle habits and activities, interests related to community involvement, hobbies, religious practices, and cultural background;
- (8) mood and behaviors;
- (9) nutritional status, including specialized diet or dietary needs;
- (10) skin integrity;
- (11) memory, orientation and cognition;
- (12) vision and hearing;
- (13) speech and communication;
- (14) assistive devices needed; and
- (15) a list of and contact information for health care providers or services used by the resident.

The assessment instrument established by the Department is available on the Division of Health Service Regulation website at https://policies.ncdhhs.gov/divisional/health-benefits-nc-medicaid/forms/dma-3050r-adult-care-home-personal-care-physician/@@display-file/form_file/dma-3050R.pdf at no cost.

(c) When a facility identifies a change in a resident's baseline condition based upon the factors listed in Parts (1)(A) through (M) of this Paragraph, the facility shall monitor the resident's condition for no more than 10 days to determine if a significant change in the resident's condition has occurred. The facility shall conduct an assessment of a resident within three days after the facility identifies that a significant change in the resident's baseline condition has occurred. The facility shall use the assessment instrument required in Paragraph (b) of this Rule. For the purposes of this Subchapter, significant change in the resident's condition is determined as follows:

- (1) Significant change is one or more of the following:
 - (A) deterioration in two or more activities of daily living including bathing, dressing, personal hygiene, toileting, or eating;
 - (B) change in ability to walk or transfer, including falls if the resident experiences repeated falls, meaning more than one, on the same day, or multiple falls that occur over several days to weeks, new onset of falls not attributed to an identifiable cause, a fall with consequent change in neurological status, or physical injury;
 - (C) pain worsening in severity, intensity, or duration, occurring in a new location, or new onset of pain associated with trauma;
 - (D) change in the pattern of usual behavior, new onset of resistance to care, abrupt onset or progression of agitation or combative behavior, deterioration in affect or mood, or violent or destructive behaviors directed at self or others;
 - (E) no response by the resident to the intervention for an identified problem;
 - (F) initial onset of unplanned weight loss or gain of five percent of body weight within a 30day period or 10 percent weight loss or gain within a six-month period;
 - (G) when a resident has been enrolled in hospice;

- (H) emergence of a pressure ulcer at Stage II, which is a superficial ulcer presenting an abrasion, blister or shallow crater, or any pressure ulcer determined to be greater than Stage II;
- (I) a new diagnosis of a condition which affects the resident's physical, mental, or psychosocial well-being;
- (J) improved behavior, mood or functional health status to the extent that the established plan of care no longer meets the resident's needs;
- (K) new onset of impaired decision-making;
- (L) continence to incontinence or indwelling catheter; or
- (M) the resident's condition indicates there may be a need to use a restraint in accordance with Rule .1501 of this Subchapter and there is no current restraint order for the resident.
- (2) Significant change does not include the following:
 - (A) changes that resolve with or without intervention;
 - (B) an acute illness or episodic event. For the purposes of this Rule "acute illness" means symptoms or a condition that develops quickly and is not a part of the resident's baseline physical health or mental health status;
 - (C) an established, predictable cyclical pattern; or
 - (D) steady improvement under the current course of care.

(d) If a resident experiences a significant change as defined in Paragraph (c) of this Rule, the facility shall refer the resident to the resident's physician or other licensed health professional no longer than three days from the date of the significant change assessment, and document the referral in the resident's record. Referral shall be made immediately when facility staff determines that a significant change as defined in Parts (c)(1)(A)-(M) poses an immediate risk to the health and safety of the resident, other residents, or staff of the facility.

(e) The assessments required in Paragraphs (a) and (c) of this Rule shall be completed and signed by the person designated by the administrator to perform resident assessments.

History Note: Authority G.S. 131D-2.15; 131D-2.16; 131D-4.4; 131D-4.5; 143B-165; Temporary Adoption Eff. January 1, 1996; Eff. May 1, 1997; Temporary Amendment Eff. September 1, 2003; July 1, 2003; Amended Eff. July 1, 2005; June 1, 2004; Readopted Eff. June 1, 2025.